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Nucleotide Sequence of the Gene for the b Subunit of Human Factor XIII^{†,‡}

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ABSTRACT: Factor XIII (M_r 320 000) is a blood coagulation factor that stabilizes and strengthens the fibrin clot. It circulates in blood as a tetramer composed of two a subunits (M_r 75 000 each) and two b subunits (M_r 80 000 each). The b subunit consists of 641 amino acids and includes 10 tandem repeats of 60 amino acids known as GP-I structures, short consensus repeats (SCR), or sushi domains. In the present study, the human gene for the b subunit has been isolated from three different genomic libraries prepared in λ phage. Fifteen independent phage with inserts coding for the entire gene were isolated and characterized by restriction mapping, Southern blotting, and DNA sequencing. The gene was found to be 28 kilobases in length and consisted of 12 exons (I–XII) separated by 11 intervening sequences. The leader sequence was encoded by exon I, while the carbonyl-terminal region of the protein was encoded by exon XII. Exons II–XI each coded for a single sushi domain, suggesting that the gene evolved through exon shuffling and duplication. The 12 exons in the gene ranged in size from 64 to 222 base pairs, while the introns ranged in size from 87 to 9970 nucleotides and made up 92% of the gene. The introns contained four Alu repetitive sequences, one each in introns A, E, I, and J. A fifth Alu repeat was present in the flanking 3' end of the gene. Two partial *KpnI* repeats were also found in the introns, including one in intron I and one in intron J. The *KpnI* repeat in intron J was 89% homologous to a sequence of approximately 2200 nucleotides flanking the gene coding for human β globin and approximately 3800 nucleotides from the L1 insertion present in the gene for human factor VIII. Intron H also contained an "O" family repeat, while two potential regions for Z-DNA were identified within introns G and J. One nucleotide change was found in the coding region of the gene when its sequence was compared to that of the cDNA. This difference, however, did not result in a change in the amino acid sequence of the protein.

Factor XIII is a zymogen that circulates in blood as a tetramer ($\alpha_2\beta_2$) and is converted to an active transglutaminase by thrombin in the presence of calcium and fibrin [for reviews, see Lorand et al. (1980) and Folk (1983)]. The two pairs of a and b subunits separate during the activation reaction, giving rise to two activated peptides and factor XIIIa, an enzyme composed of two α' subunits. Factor XIIIa catalyzes the formation of ϵ -(γ -glutamyl)lysine bonds between fibrin monomers as well as a number of other plasma proteins. The function of the b subunits is not clear, but it is likely that they protect and stabilize the plasma zymogen prior to activation (Folk & Finlayson, 1977). It may also play a role in the regulation of the contact activation pathway (Halkier & Magnusson, 1988).

Plasma levels of factor XIII have been determined by Yorifuji et al. (1988), who reported that all of the a subunits are in the tetrameric form, which is present in plasma at a concentration of 11 $\mu\text{g/mL}$. An excess of the b subunits also circulates in plasma in a monomeric form at a concentration of 10 $\mu\text{g/mL}$. Electron microscopy has shown that the tetrameric form of factor XIII appears as two globular a subunits surrounded by two flexible, rod-shaped b domains (Carrell et al., 1989).

The primary structure of both the a and b subunits has been determined by a combination of cDNA cloning and amino acid sequence analysis in our laboratory (Ichinose et al., 1986a,b) and those of others (Grundmann et al., 1986; Takahashi et al., 1986). The gene for the a subunit is over 160 kb in length (Ichinose & Davie, 1988) and has been localized to chromosome 6 at p24–25 (Board et al., 1988). The b subunit is 641 amino acids in length and is made up of 10 repeating domains (approximately 60 amino acids each) that have been called GP-I domains (Davie et al., 1986), short consensus repeats, or sushi domains (Ichinose et al., 1990). The term GP-I

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domain originated from β_2 -glycoprotein I, a plasma protein with characteristic disulfide bonds between the first and third and the second and fourth Cys residues of each GP-I domain (Lozier et al., 1984). In the complement proteins these domains have been called short consensus repeats (SCR), while more recently they have been called sushi domains in factor XIII since they resemble the well-known Japanese sushi structures (Ichinose et al., 1990). The gene for the b subunit of factor XIII has been localized to bands q31-q32.1 of chromosome 1 (Webb et al., 1989) that are linked to the regulator of the complement activation (RCA) gene cluster in the same chromosome (Rodriguez-de-Cordoba et al., 1988). The genes of a number of the other proteins containing sushi domains have also been found in a similar region on chromosome 1 at band q32 (Morton & Burns, 1987).

In order to compare the gene for the b subunit of factor XIII with the codings of genes for other proteins in this family, it was important to determine its structure and organization. This knowledge may also provide some insight as to the evolution of these genes and their regulation and also make it possible to compare the normal gene with abnormal factor XIII genes. In the present study, we report the entire DNA sequence of the gene for the b subunit of human factor XIII including the 5' and 3' flanking regions.

EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURES

Restriction endonucleases, T4 DNA ligase, T4 kinase, bacterial alkaline phosphatase, M13mp18 and -mp19, pUC18 and -19, kilobase sequencing kits, and molecular biology grade reagents were purchased from Bethesda Research Laboratories. Restriction endonucleases and the Klenow fragment of *Escherichia coli* DNA polymerase were also purchased from Boehringer Mannheim Biochemicals and Promega. Klenow sequencing reagents, deoxynucleotides, and dideoxynucleotides were purchased from Pharmacia LKB Biotechnology Inc., while T7 DNA polymerase (Sequenase) was obtained from U.S. Biochemical Corp. ^{32}P -Labeled nucleotides were obtained from New England Nuclear, and $[\alpha\text{-}^{35}\text{S}]\text{dATP}\alpha\text{S}$ was purchased from Amersham. Cyclone I, the rapid deletion subcloning system for M13 derivatives, was purchased from International Biotechnologies, Inc. Reagents for the polymerase chain reaction were purchased from Perkin-Elmer Cetus.

Three human genomic libraries were screened by using full-length as well as partial cDNAs coding for the b subunit of human factor XIII (Ichinose et al., 1986b). A human leukocyte library in EMBL3, obtained from Clontech Laboratories, a human fetal liver library in Charon 4A (Lawn et al., 1978), and a human fibroblast 5X chromosome library in EMBL3 (Yoshitake et al., 1985) were employed. The cDNA probes were used to screen approximately 2×10^7 phage by the plaque hybridization technique of Benton and Davis (1977) as modified by Woo (1979). Positive clones were plaque purified, and phage DNA was then prepared by the liquid culture lysis method (Maniatis et al., 1982).

Positive clones were analyzed by a combination of restriction mapping and Southern hybridization analysis (Southern, 1975). Nick-translation cDNA probes (Thomashow et al., 1980) were used to identify overlapping clones. Oligonucleotides were used as sequencing primers and as probes for selecting some restriction fragments for subcloning into pUC and M13. Two primers of 30 nucleotides in length were also used for amplifying a section of the DNA near exon X by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR), as described later. These were prepared by Patrick S. H. Chou and Yim Foon Lee or by Jeff Harris, employing a nucleotide synthesizer (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA). The PCR was carried out in

a thermal cycler from Perkin-Elmer, with denaturation at a temperature of 94 °C, annealing at 45 °C, and extension at 72 °C for 30 cycles.

The phage DNA inserts were generated by *Sal*I and/or *Eco*RI restriction digestion and the appropriate fragments subcloned into pUC18 or pUC19 for amplification. Other restriction sites of the phage DNA insert were chosen later to produce fragments for subcloning directly into M13 to confirm the continuity of the *Eco*RI fragments. The polymerase chain reaction was also used to amplify an intervening region prior to exon X to confirm the continuity between *Eco*RI fragments pEco5.7 and pEco4.9. Restriction fragments of the pUC-amplified clones were inserted into M13mp18 or M13mp19 for sequence analysis. Subclones were generated by sequential deletion for several areas of the gene according to the method of Dale et al. (1985). This procedure employs the 3' to 5' exonuclease activity of T4 DNA polymerase to generate deletions within single-stranded DNA insertions in M13 clones. One-third of the gene was sequenced by the procedure described by Sanger et al. (1977), employing the Klenow fragment of DNA polymerase I, while the remainder was sequenced by the modified technique of Tabor and Richardson (1987), employing either the Klenow fragment or the Sequenase version of T7 polymerase.

Areas of the gene that were difficult to sequence by restriction subcloning or sequential deletion were primed by using specific sequencing primers 15 nucleotides in length. Sequencing reactions used $[\alpha\text{-}^{35}\text{S}]\text{dATP}\alpha\text{S}$ and were run on 6% polyacrylamide buffer gradient gels (Biggen et al., 1983) or ion gradient gels (Lurquin, 1988) in 60-cm plates. Initially, the exons and the intron-exon boundaries in the gene were identified. Southern transfer and hybridizations with specific cDNA probes were used to locate the exons within the various plasmid subclones. Specific restriction sites within the cDNA were also identified, and the subclones containing the desired section of genomic DNA were digested with the appropriate restriction enzyme (Figures 1 and 2). The resulting fragments were then cloned into M13 and sequenced. All the intron-exon boundaries and their relative locations within the gene were determined in this manner except for exon X, for which oligonucleotide primers were used to sequence from *Eco*RI fragments inserted into M13. After the boundaries on one coding strand were sequenced, new restriction sites were chosen on the basis of the sequence of the intron, and the new fragments were used to subclone into M13 and to sequence the noncoding strand. When there was no convenient restriction site available, oligonucleotide primers were made to sequence the noncoding strand and to confirm the sequence.

DNA sequences were analyzed by using the GENEPRO program (version 4.2, Riverside Scientific Enterprises, Seattle, WA) and then compared to the GenBank DNA sequence library, release 60 (Los Alamos National Laboratory), and the Protein Identification Resource protein library, release 21 (National Biomedical Research Foundation), with an IBM PC/AT compatible computer.

RESULTS

Isolation of the Gene for the b Subunit of Factor XIII. Approximately 2×10^7 recombinant phage were screened from three human genomic libraries by hybridization with a cDNA coding for the b subunit of human factor XIII. Twelve unique recombinant phage were isolated, purified, and characterized by restriction mapping, Southern transfer, and hybridization experiments (Figure 1). The first recombinant phage isolated, λCT9 (Clontech leukocyte library), contained the 5' end of the gene, while λSY1 from a second library (Yoshitake et al.,

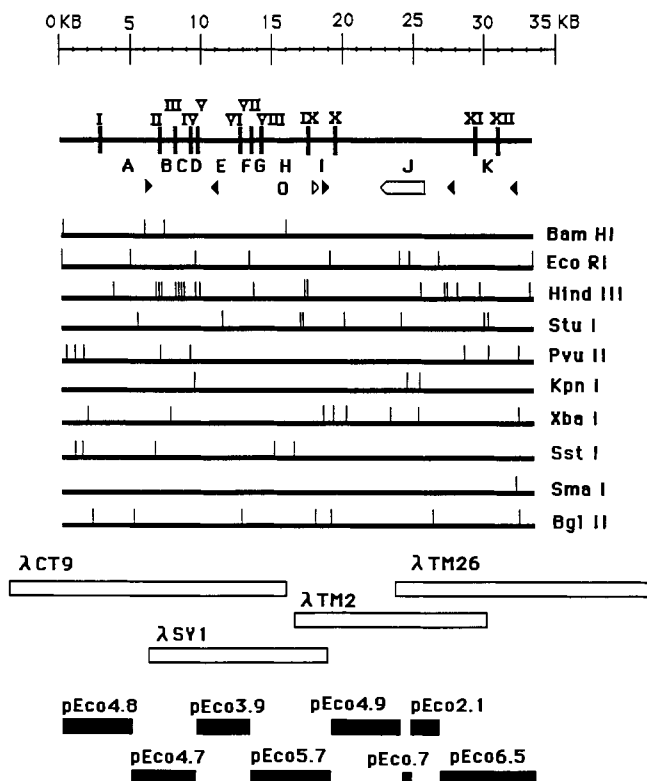


FIGURE 1: Organization and restriction map of the gene for the b subunit of human factor XIII. Exons I–XII are shown by the solid vertical bars. Solid arrowheads below the gene map show the location and direction of Alu sequences, while *KpnI* repeats are shown by open arrowheads and the “O” family repeat is shown by an O. Cleavage sites for a few restriction enzymes, the λ phage inserts, and the plasmid subclones are shown in the remainder of the figure.

1985) contained exons II–IX. λ TM26 and λ TM2 from the Charon 4A library (Lawn et al., 1978) contained the 3' end of the gene and exons IX and X, respectively.

DNA Sequence of the Gene. Genomic DNA inserts from the four phage (λ CT9, λ SY1, λ TM2, and λ TM26) were digested with *EcoRI* and the fragments subcloned into plasmids (Figures 1 and 2). The detailed sequencing strategy and the complete nucleotide sequence of the gene are shown in Figures 2 and 3. These figures also include data for the 5' and 3' flanking regions of the gene. A total of 33 207 nucleotides were determined in this study (Figure 3). Approximately 89% of the gene and its flanking region were sequenced two or more times. Approximately 54% of the sequence analysis was also performed on both strands, including the coding sequences, their flanking regions, and the 5' and 3' flanking regions.

Exon, Intron, and Intron–Exon Boundaries. Table I shows the 11 splice junctions and the splice junction types (Sharp, 1981) identified in the gene coding for the b subunit of factor XIII. The splice junctions all follow the GT-AG rule of Breathnach et al. (1978) and are similar to the consensus sequence published by Mount (1982). The first 10 splice junction types were all type I in that the introns divided the codon between the first and second nucleotides. The last splice junction (intron K) was type II since it divided the codon for Ser-631 between the second and third nucleotides.

The size and location of the 11 introns in the gene are shown in Table II. Intron J was the largest (9952 nucleotides) and intron F the smallest (87 bp). The introns in the gene for the b subunit of factor XIII make up 92% of the total DNA. The size of the exons ranged from 64 to 221 bp and averaged 192 bp, excluding exon I. The full size of this exon is not known. The 10 tandem repeats that have been called sushi structures

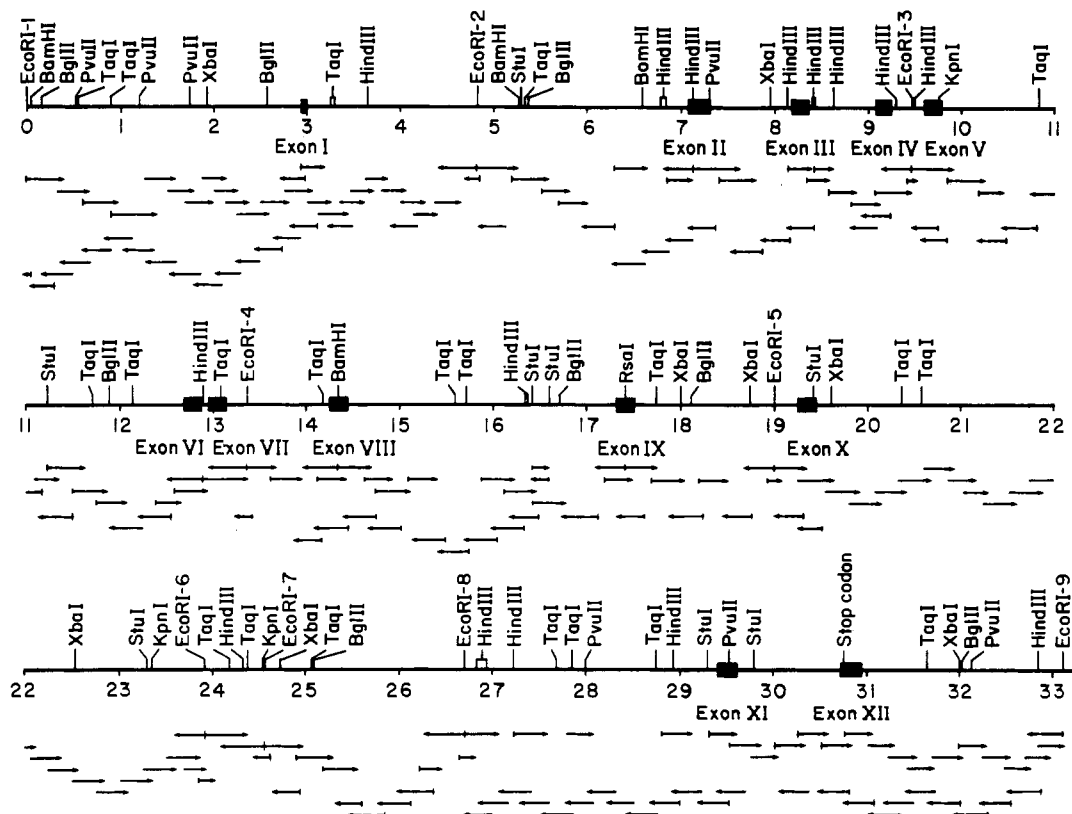


FIGURE 2: Sequencing strategy and detailed restriction map for the b subunit of human factor XIII. The nucleotides are numbered in kilobases from 0 to 33 and the locations of the 12 exons are shown by solid bars. The *EcoRI* sites are numbered 1–9. The length and direction of the sequencing by the dideoxy method are shown by the arrows. Arrows beginning with a vertical bar indicate that the DNA was sequenced by employing a specific oligomer primer. Arrows lacking a vertical bar indicate that the sequencing came from sequential deletion subclones as described in the method of Dale et al. (1985).

Table I: Intron-Exon Splice Junction Sequences in the Gene for the b Subunit of Human Factor XIII

EXON	5'	INTRON	3'	EXON	TYPE ^a
I	Ala Glu Glu CCA GAA G	+2 GTAAAA...Intron A...CATTTAG	+2 Glu Lys Pro AG AAA CCC	I	
II	Cys Phe Lys TGC TTC A	69 GTTAAG...Intron B...TCCCATAG	69 Lys Lys Cys AA AAA TGC	I	
III	Glu His Glu GAA CAT G	131 GTATAA...Intron C...AATTTTAG	131 Glu Thr Cys AA ACG TGT	I	
IV	Cys Thr Lys TGT ACC A	190 GTAGGT...Intron D...ATTTGCAG	190 Lys Leu Lys AA TTA AAG	I	
V	Cys Glu Gly TGC GAA G	249 GTAATT...Intron E...TCCATAAG	249 Gly Arg Arg GA AGA AGA	I	
VI	Cys Ile Glu TGC ATT G	309 GTTAGT...Intron F...AAGGACAG	309 Glu Gly Gln AA GGA CAG	I	
VII	Cys Val Glu TGT GTT G	371 GTAGT...Intron G...TTTCTTAG	371 Glu Asn Asn AA AAT AAT	I	
VIII	Cys Leu Glu TGC TTG G	432 GTAAGA...Intron H...TTTTACAG	432 Glu Pro Cys AA CCA TGT	I	
IX	Arg Lys Glu AGA AAA G	499 GTAAAA...Intron I...TAGAAAAG	499 Glu Ser Lys AA TCT AAA	I	
X	Cys Leu Glu TGT TTA G	560 GTATGT...Intron J...GTTCGCCAG	560 Glu Pro Cys AG CCA TGC	I	
XI	Arg Gln Ser AGA CAA AG	631 GTAAGA...Intron K...CCCTCAAG	631 Ser Thr Leu C ACT CTG	II	
CONSENSUS ^b SEQUENCE	C A AG GT AGT A G	TT T N AG CC C			

^aAfter Sharp (1981). ^bTaken from Mount (1982).

Table II: Location and Size of the Introns in the Gene for the b Subunit of Human Factor XIII

exon	nucleotide position	size (bp)	intron	nucleotide position	size (bp)
I	+1-64	(64) ^a	A	65-4162	4098
II	4163-4363	201	B	4364-5250	887
III	5251-5436	186	C	5437-6143	707
IV	6144-6320	177	D	6321-6676	356
V	6677-6853	177	E	6854-9754	2901
VI	9755-9934	180	F	9935-10021	87
VII	10022-10207	186	G	10208-11321	1114
VIII	11322-11504	183	H	11505-14378	2874
IX	14379-14579	201	I	14580-16334	1755
X	16355-16517	183	J	16518-26469	9952
XI	26470-26683	214	K	26684-27793	1110
XII	27794-28014	221			

^aThe length of the 5' noncoding region for the cDNA coding for the b subunit is not known; therefore, the length of exon I is shown in parentheses starting from the initiator methionine.

are coded by exons II-XI, and their size is relatively constant with a mean of 189 bp. These exons are only slightly larger than the average length of 150 bp found in other eukaryotic genes (Blake, 1983).

The 5' and 3' Flanking Regions. The sequence of the cDNA coding for the b subunit contained a partial leader peptide of 19 amino acids but lacked an initiator Met and a transcription start site (Ichinose et al., 1986b). Accordingly, a human liver cDNA library was screened with the cDNA probe in an attempt to find a full-length transcript. These

experiments, however, were unsuccessful. A Met is present, however, in the genomic sequence just prior to the first amino acid codon of the cDNA, and this Met is located at position -20 in the leader sequence. This potential translation initiation site was designated as the 5' end of the gene. The next in-frame codon for Met occurred upstream an additional 57 nucleotides from the Met at position -20, but this triplet was located prior to several stop codons. This supports the conclusion that the leader sequence for the b subunit of factor XIII is 20 amino acids in length. If the nucleotide prior to the polyadenylation site is arbitrarily designated as the 3' end of the gene, the length of the gene for the b subunit of factor XIII is 28 014 nucleotides. An additional 2130 nucleotides of the 5' flanking region and 2262 nucleotides of the 3' flanking sequence were also determined, as shown in Figure 2.

Further analysis of the 5' end of the gene revealed several potential transcriptional regulatory elements (Breathnach & Chambon, 1981). Thirty "TATA"-like sequences exist in the 727-bp region upstream from nucleotide 1, the four closest being TAAAA (-29), TAGAA (-38), TATTA (-94), and TATAA (-101). There is also a reverse "CCAAT" box (-320) that has been shown to function in either orientation (Graves et al., 1986). There were no "GC" clusters, however, in the 5' region.

The protein levels for the a and b subunits of factor XIII show some coordinate control in patients with factor XIIIa deficiencies (Ikematsu, 1981; Rodeghiero et al., 1981). A comparison of the 5' end of the gene coding for the a subunit of factor XIII (Ichinose & Davie, 1988) with the 5' end of the gene coding for the b subunit shows several short sequence identities that may be possible common trans-acting regulatory regions. These sequences include AAATTAAA (0713, -714), GAAAATTT (-306, -695), GTGTTATTTT (-175, -642), TAAAAT (-30, -710), and ACATGGTA (-205, -930). The positions of the nucleotides are shown in parentheses for each of the sequences for the b and a subunits, respectively. It is not known, however, which of these sequences, if any, function as regulatory elements.

The 3' end of the gene contains an AATAAA polyadenylation signal starting at position 27990 and a T(A) polyadenylation site at 28014. There were no other sequences found that commonly surround transcription termination sites.

Other Features of the DNA Sequence. When the DNA sequence of the exons and the sequence previously reported for the cDNA (Ichinose et al., 1986b) were compared, only 1 out of 2171 nucleotides was found to be different. This occurred within exon XI at nucleotide 26537 where a T was replaced by a C. The change identified in λTM26 did not change the Asn, however, at position 582 in the polypeptide chain. This must be due to a polymorphism since another cDNA of 1.6 kb had the C residue at this position (A. Ichinose, unpublished data).

The base composition of the gene for the b subunit of factor XIII was enriched in A and T residues. The composition was 30.1% A, 35.8% T, 17.5% G, and 16.6% C. The dinucleotide frequency was very similar to those summarized by Nussinov (1981) for eukaryotic genes, with a significant deficiency of CG and TA pairs when compared to predictions from random distribution. The frequency of dinucleotides was the following: AA, 9.9%; AC, 4.4%; AG, 6.1%; AT, 9.5%; CA, 6.3%; CC, 3.5%; CG, 0.5%; CT, 6.8%; GA, 5.2%; GC, 3.2%; GG, 3.9%; GT, 5.6%; TA, 8.4%; TC, 6.1%; TG, 7.4%; TT, 13.3%.

Common Repetitive Sequences. Repetitive sequences found within the introns made up 21% of the gene for the b subunit of factor XIII. These sequences belong to the Alu, *KpnI*, and

GAA -2928

TTCTTTTCT GGCAGTTCAG GAATTTCTTC TTGGTTTGA TCCATTGCTG ATGAGCTAGT GTGATTTTGG GGTGGTGTTA AAGAACCCTG TTTTGTGATA -2828

ATACCAAAAT TGTTTTCTA GTTCTTCTC TTTTGGGTAG GCTATGTCAG AGGGGAGATC TGGGGCTCAA GGCTGCTGTT CAGATTTCTT TGTCCACAGG -2728

GGTGCTCCCT TGATGTAGTA TTCTCCCCCT TTTCTAGGG ATGTGACTTC CTGAGAGCCA AACTGTAGTG ATTATTATTA CTTTCTGGA TCTAGCCACC -2628

AGAAGGGCTA CCAGGCTCTG GGCTGGTACT GGGGGTTGTC TGCATAGAGT CCTGTGATGT AAACTGTCTT CAGTTCTCTC AGTCATGGAT ACCAGCACCT -2528

GTTCCAGTAG AGGTGGCAGG GGAGTGAAAG GAACTCTGTG AGGGTCTTA GTTGTAGTTG TTTGATGCAC TAGTTTGGTG CTGGTTGGCC TCCTGCTGAG -2428

AGGTGAAGCC AGCTGGACTT CTGGGTCGA ATGGGACTT GGAGAACTTT TCTGTCTAGC TAAAGGATTG TAAACACACC AATCAGCGCT CTGTGCTAG -2328

CTAAAGGTTT GTAAATGCAC CAATCAGCAC TTTGTAAGAA CAGACCAACC AGCACTCTGT AAAATGGGCC AATCAGCGGG ATGTGGGCGG AGACCAATA -2228

AGGGAATAAA AGCTGGCCAC CTGAGCCAGC CGCAGCAACC TGGTCTGGTC CCCTTCCAGG CTGTGGAAC TTTGTTCTTT CGCTCTTTGC AATAAATCTT -2128

GCTGCTGCTC TCTTTTGGG TCTGCACTAC CTTTATGAGC TGTAACTCTC ACCGGAAGG TCTGTGGCTT CACTCTGAA GTCAGCAAGA CCTCGAACCC -2028

ACCAGGAGGA AGAAACAAC CCGACGCAC CATCTTTTAG AGCTGTAACA CTCACTGTGA AGGTCTGCGG CTTCACTCCT GAAGTCAGCA AGACAGGAA -1928

CCCACCAGAA GGAAGAACT CTGACACAT CTGAACATCA GAGGAACAAA CTCGGACAC ACCATCTTTA AAAACTGTAA TGCTCACCAG AAGCGTCCGC -1828

AGCTTCATTC TTGAAGTCAG CAAGACCAAG AACCCATTGG AAGGAACCAA TTCCAGACAC ACTGCCATGA GGTAGTGCTT TCATGAGAGC ATCAGCTGTG -1728

GTATATAGGG GAGGATCAGG TGGTGGGTGG GACACTAGAA CTTCCAAGAG AATATGACCT TTGTCTTCAG CTACCAGGGT GGGTAGGGAA GGACCATCAG -1628

GTGGGGGCGAG GGTTAGGCAT GTCTGAGCTC AGAGTCTTCT TGGGTGGGCG TTGTGTGGC TCTGTGGGGA ATGGGGGTGT GATTCCCAGG TTAATGGAGT -1528

TACCTTCCCA GGAGGATTAT GGCTGCCTCT TCTGTGTCAT GCAGGTTGTC AGGGAAGTGG GGGAAAGCTG GCAGTTACAG ACCTCACCCA GCTCTCACAC -1428

AACCAACAA GCAAACTCA CTTCTACTGT GTTCCCCAA AAAGCACCAG ATTTGTTTCC AGGCAGTAGG GGAGCAGGAT TGAGAACTTG CCCCAGGCTA -1328

CTAGCTCCC AGCCGAGAAT GCAAGCCAGA CTTTGTGCC TCCCTACCTG TTAAGTCTGC ACACCAGATT CACGCCCTTT CTGAGTTCTT GGACAGGAAA -1228

GTTTGTGTTT GGTGGAATT GTTACTAAGT TCAGCTGGAG GTTTCCTTCT CCCTGTGGTC TTTTCCAGT TCCTCCGGCA GCCCTGTGA GACAAGTCAG -1128

AAATGGCTTC TCTGGGACC CACAGAGACG ACGGGGCTTT ACCCTTTGCT TCCTTACCC CTGTATTTCT CTCAGCTCTC TAAATGTCTT GAGCTCCAGG -1028

TAAGGTCAAA TCCTTCTCCT GTGATCTAGA CCTTCAGGTT CCCCAGGGT GTGTGTTTCT GGGTGGACAA TACCCCTTTC ACACTTTTCA CAGTTTGGGC -928

ATTACAGTA TGTGGCTAT TTTCTGGGTC ATGCAGGAGC AATGTACTTT CTTAGAGGG TCTGTGGATT ATCTTGGCTT TCCTGTTATA TCCTTCAGC -828

AGTCTTGA GCAAAAGTTC ACAATGCGAG TCTCCATC CTGCTCTGTC CATCCAAGTG GGAGCTGCAA GTTAGTCTG CTCTCTATCC ACCATTTTTT -728

CCTATTTTGT ATTTTAAAT AAAACTCATT AGAATGTAAT CTCATGAGG GCAATAATTT TAATCCAGTT TTTTCACTGC TAAATACCTC AAAACTGTTA -628

CATGTGCTGC CATTATCATG GACGTTCTAA ACATTCTCA TGAATGAATG TTGATATAGC ACAGTCTGTA TCTCACCACC TGCCACAAAG TAAAACTCT -528

CTAAATGTCA AATACTACTA TTATAAGTAA TACTATTCTA TCATTGAGAC AACTATGGTT CTGTATCTCT TTAAGGAGTG CAGTCTAGGC AACAACATAT -428

TTCAACATCA GGTATCTGTT ATCTCATGTT CCTAAGTTCA TCTTTTACC TGATCAATAT TAGTAAAGAT CTATGGCCTC AAGTGAACCT TACTCTATGA -328

ATTTACAATT GGGAACTTAG GTTGAAAATT TACCTAGTAT TATTTATTCT GCTGCTATAA TTTATTATTT ATTCTGCTGC TATTTGTGCC CTAATCAGTT -228

ATCATGCTCT TACTGGACTC TGACATGGTA AGTAATGTCA ATTAATATAG TTGTGTTATT TTAACATTAT TTCAAATAT TTAAGTGAA ATATAAGACT -128

CGTTACAAA GGAAGTAGAC AGAGGTTATA AATTATTAAC TTTTCTCTCA AGAGAAGTAT TGTGTACTTA ATGACAAGTT CCTAGTGCTT AGAATTGTTA -28

-20

Met Arg Leu Lys Asn Leu Thr Phe Ile Ile Ile Leu Ile Ile Ser Gly Glu Leu Tyr Ala

AAATCTTGT GAAGCACACC ACTGAAG ATG AGG TTG AAA AAC CTG ACT TTT ATC ATC ATA TTG ATA ATC TCA GGA GAA CTC TAT GCA 60

+1

Glu

GAA G GTAA AATTAATTCT TAATATTCTT TATTCTCTAA AACATACAAA TGGAGATTCT AATATTATA CAACTCAAGT TTAATATAC TCTTCTATTT 158

TCATTATCAA TTTTATAACA TATTTTATAA ATATAACTTT TTATAATATT TAGACCTTTT CCTTTGAGCA AAATTAGTAA AGTGTCTTCA CAGTAGCATA 258

AGTCAGAAAA GCAAAACAAA ACAAAAACCC TTGTATCTCT AGGGGGCATA GGAGACCAGG ATCTAAATAC TTCGAAAAGG TTTTCAGGTT AACAATATGT 358

CCATTTGCAA GTCACATGTT AACTTTAATT CTAAATTTAT GCTAGAATCC ATTCTAATA CTGACAAAAC TTGTACAATT TTAATCTGTI TCATAAGGTG 458

AGAGTTAAT GTGGGAAATT TGAAAAGGAA ATAGCCATAA ATATTTTTTA CTTTGTAGAC TTTGATTTTT ATCACAATGA ATTATTCATT TGTGGAGAC 558

ATTAAGTAGT GATTAGTAGG TGAACCATAT AATGTCTTGT ACAAACAGGG ACCTTAGAG AGTAAAGAG GGGCTCTATT AATACTGTT TGGACAACAC 658

ATGTAATCA GGACTTTCCA AACAAACCAA TACCTATGGA CTCCCTATTA GAAAGCTTTA TAGTCAGATT GCCCAATGTG TAAGATTAGT GTGCGAGTGG 758

AAGCTAGGCA GTGTACATGG GTATGTTGTT CAGGAACATT ATCAATATTA TCAGGCCGTA GATGAAGAAT CCAGGGAGGA CACTTAGCAT TAGCAAGAGT 858

GAACATACAA AGAAGGAAGC TACAGCAATA CAGCTTTTCT AAAATAACA TTTTGGGAA TTTGTTGAAA TTAATACAT AAGTTTTAAC TGTGTTTATG 958

TTGAATAGTT AACTATAAAT TTTCTACCAA AACATCTATA ATTAATAATTA TAAAGTGAA AGACACAGAA TTAATCTTAT TTTTACTTTT TAATCTATA 1058

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+2	
Glu Lys Pro Cys Gly Phe Pro His Val Glu Asn Gly Arg Ile Ala Gln Tyr Tyr Tyr Thr Phe Lys Ser Phe Tyr Phe	
TCAG AG AAA CCC TGT GGT TTT CCT CAT GTG GAA AAT GGA AGA ATT GCC CAA TAT TAC TAT ACT TTT AAA AGC TTT TAC TTT	4239
Pro Met Ser Ile Asp Lys Lys Leu Ser Phe Phe Cys Leu Ala Gly Tyr Thr Thr Glu Ser Gly Arg Gln Glu Glu Gln Thr	
CCA ATG AGC ATA GAC AAA AAA TTG TCA TTT TTC TGC TTG GCT GGT TAT ACC ACT GAA AGT GGA AGA CAA GAA GAG CAA ACC	4320
68	
Thr Cys Thr Thr Glu Gly Trp Ser Pro Glu Pro Arg Cys Phe	
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69	
Lys Lys Cys Thr Lys Pro Asp Leu Ser Asn Gly Tyr Ile Ser Asp Val	
TTAGTTTCAT CATTAAGTTA AATAATTTTT TTTCCCATAG AA AAA TGC ACT AAG CCT GAC CTG AGT AAT GGT TAC ATC TCT GAT GTA	5298
Lys Leu Leu Tyr Lys Ile Gln Glu Asn Met His Tyr Gly Cys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Lys Thr Thr Gly Gly Lys Asp Glu Glu	
AAG TTA TTG TAT AAA ATT CAA GAG AAC ATG CAT TAT GGT TGC GCT TCA GGG TAC AAA ACC ACT GGA GGG AAG GAT GAA GAA	5379
130	
Val Val Gln Cys Leu Ser Asp Gly Trp Ser Ser Gln Pro Thr Cys Arg Lys Glu His	
GTG GTT CAA TGT CTC TCT GAT GGA TGG TCT TCT CAA CCA ACC TGT AGG AAA GAA CAT G GTATAAGAA TCATTTCTTA AAAGTGAAGA	5465
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131	
Glu Thr Cys Leu Ala Pro	
TGTAACCA TATTTTGAGA TTTTITATAA TCTAGGTTAT TAAAAAGTTT ATAAAAATAA TAATTTTAT AATTTTAG AA ACG TGT TTG GCT CCT	6160
Glu Leu Tyr Asn Gly Asn Tyr Ser Thr Thr Gln Lys Thr Phe Lys Val Lys Asp Lys Val Gln Tyr Glu Cys Ala Thr Gly	
GAA TTA TAT AAT GGA AAT TAT TCC ACA ACA CAG AAA ACA TTC AAA GTG AAG GAC AAA GTA CAA TAC GAA TGT GCT ACT GGC	6241
189	
Tyr Tyr Thr Ala Gly Gly Lys Lys Thr Glu Glu Val Glu Cys Leu Thr Tyr Gly Trp Ser Leu Thr Pro Lys Cys Thr	
TAC TAC ACA GCT GGA GGA AAG AAG ACA GAG GAG GTA GAA TGT CTC ACA TAC GGA TGG TCT CTC ACA CCA AAA TGT ACC A GTA	6323
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 Lys Leu Lys Cys Ser Ser Leu Arg Leu Ile Glu Asn Gly
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 Ser Asp Leu Ile Gln Cys Tyr Asn Phe Gly Trp Tyr Pro Glu Ser Pro Val Cys Glu
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 Val Thr Tyr Ala Cys Lys Ser Gly Tyr Leu Leu His Gly Ser Asn Glu Ile Thr Cys Asn Arg Gly Lys Trp Thr Leu Pro
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 Pro Glu Cys Val
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371

Glu Asn Asn Glu Asn Cys Lys His Pro Pro Val Val Met Asn Gly Ala Val Ala
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Asp Gly Ile Leu Ala Ser Tyr Ala Thr Gly Ser Ser Val Glu Tyr Arg Cys Asn Glu Tyr Tyr Leu Leu Arg Gly Ser Lys
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431

Ile Ser Arg Cys Glu Gln Gly Lys Trp Ser Ser Pro Pro Val Cys Leu
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432

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498

Thr Pro Leu Ser Glu Leu Ser Val Gln Cys Asn Arg Gly Glu Val Lys Tyr Pro Leu Cys Thr Arg Lys
 ACC CCA TTG TCT GAA TTA TCT GTG CAG TGC AAC AGA GGA GAA GTG AAA TAT CCT TTA TGT ACT AGA AAA G G TAAATAATA 14590

ATGTTCTCTG CAAGTATCTT TACTTGACCA ATATCTGCTA CCTCGGTTGA AAATTTATTT ATAGTTTGT GCTATTTTTC TTATTATTAT TCTTTTTAAT 14690
 TTTGTTTTAT TTTATTTTAT TTTACTTTGA GTTCTGAGAC ACAAGTGCAG AATGTGCAGG TTTGTTACAT GGGTATACGT GTGCCATGGT GGTTCGCAAT 14790
 TCCAGTAATG GAATTGCTGC GTCGAATTTT ATTTCTGGTT CTAGGTCCTT GAGGAATCAC CACACTGTCT TCCACAATGG TTGAACATAA TTACATTCCC 14890

ATCAGCAGTG TAAAGCATT CCTATTTC TC CCCAGCCTTA CCAGCATCTA TTGTTTCTTG GCTTTTTAGT AATTGCCATT CTGACTGGTG TGAATGGTG 14990
TCTCATTGTG ATTACACCTT ATACAAAAAT TAACCTCAAGA TGGATTAAAG ATTAAATGT AAAAACCCCA AACCATAAAA ACTCTAGAAG AAAACCTAGG 15090
CAATACCAT T CAGGACATAG GCATAGGGCA AATACTTAAT GACGAAAAATG CCAAAAGCAA TTGAGCTTGA GAGCCAAAAC TGACAAATGA GATCTAATTA 15190
ACCTAAAGAG CTTCTGCACA GCAAAAAGAAA CTATCATCAG AGTGAACAGG AAACCTTACAG AATGGGAGAA AATTTTTGCA ATCTGCCCAT GTGACAAAGG 15290
TCTAATATCC AGAATCTACA TGGAACTTAA CACAAATTTA CAAGAAAAAA ACGAACAAACA CCATCAAAAA GTAGGCAAAG GATATAAACA GTCACCTCTC 15390
AAAAGAAGAC ATTTATGTGG CCAACAAACA TATGAGGAAA AAGCTCAACA TCGCTGATCT TTAGAGAAAA TTTATACCTA TGACCCCAAT TCACCACCAT 15490
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GGAGGCAGAG GTTGCAGTGA GTCATGATCA TGCCACCATA CTCCAGCCTG GGTGACAGAG GGAGACTCTG TCTCTGTAGC ACTTATAAAG TACTGGATGT 16290

499

Glu Ser Lys Gly Met Cys Thr Ser Pro Pro Leu Ile Lys His Gly

TCATTATAGC AATTCATTGT ATACTTTAAA ACTTATTTTT GCAG AA TCT AAA GGA ATG TGC ACA TCT CCT CCT CTT ATT AAA CAT GGA 16378

Val Ile Ile Ser Ser Thr Val Asp Thr Tyr Glu Asn Gly Ser Ser Val Glu Tyr Arg Cys Phe Asp His His Phe Leu Glu
GTC ATT ATT AGT TCA ACA GTA GAC ACC TAT GAA AAT GGC TCT TCA GTA GAA TAC AGA TGT TTT GAT CAC CAT TTC CTA GAA 16459

559

Gly Ser Arg Glu Ala Tyr Cys Leu Asp Gly Met Trp Thr Thr Pro Pro Leu Cys Leu
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TTGTTTCACT	GTAGTAATTT	TTTGTAATTT	TTCTCATTGT	ATCATTTCCT	TGTTTCTATT	TGGTAATTTT	CTTCTAGTTT	AACAATCCTC	TCTTTAGATG	23543
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GCCAAATGCC	CACCTGTAAT	TTTTATTTAC	TTTCTGCTTG	GCTTCTCATC	CTATGCCTCT	ATACAAGTCA	AGGATAAGCA	GTACCTTAGG	GAAAAGCTGG	24143
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Asp Asn Arg Pro His Ile Leu His Gly Glu Tyr Ile Glu Phe Ile Cys Arg Gly Asp Thr Tyr Pro Ala Glu Leu Tyr Ile	
GAC AAC AGA CCA CAC ATT TTG CAT GGT GAA TAT ATT GAG TTT ATT TGT AGA GGA GAT ACT TAT CCA GCT GAA TTA TAT ATT	26612
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632 641	
Thr Leu Ser Tyr Gln Glu Pro Leu Arg Thr Stop	
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TAAGGCTTTT GTTACCCTTA ATTCAAAGTT TATGTCATA TTAAGGGGCC AAACACACTA GAGATAAGAA ACTATATGCT GTATTAGAGG ATCTGCCCTA	28285
TTAAAGGCAG AAGAGACTGC CCTTCAGACT TTCTAAATGT AAAAACTTT TAAATTAAC TGTAATATTT GCTACAACGT TAATAACCAA ATTGTTTATG	28385
AGGTGGTGTA CTACCATATT TGAACATGTG CTCAAATATT GTTAAAGAGA CACAATTAAC GAAAGAATGA CCCTTGGAA TTTATTTAAT TTTATTTATT	28485
TATTTATTTA TTTATTTATT TATTTATTTA GAGACAGAGT CTGCTCTGT CGCCAGCCT AGAGTGCAAT GGCATGATCT TGGCTCACTG CAATTTTTCG	28585
CTCCCGGTT CAAGCAATTC TCCTCTCTCA GCCTTCCAAG TAGCTGGGAT TACAGCGGTG TACCACCACG CCCGCTACGG TTTTTTTTTT TTTTGTATT	28685
TTAGTAGAG ACAAGGTTT ACCATGTTGA CCAGGCTGGC CTCGAACTCC TGACCTCATG TGATCCACCC GCCTTGGCCT CCCAGGACTC TTGGCATTTT	28785
TACATTTTAC ACTTTCAAGT CTTTTTTTAT ATCAAATAAT TTTTGAATT ATGCAGACTA CAAAATCTGA AATAAGAGAG TCCTACAAGC ATCAAAAAAT	28885
GAGTGTCAGT ATTATCAAGG TCTGTTAGAG ACATGAAACA GCAACACTGT CACTTTTTC TTTGAAGTGA GAGTTATACT TCTAATTATT TCAGCTCATT	28985
CATAAGCATA TGTAATAGCA CTAGTACCCA GATACTAGGA CCCCATTAG GATTGGTTGT TGGTATTAGA ACGAGTTTTC CTTTCTAGAA ACTACTCAGT	29085
TTTCTAACT CAAGATCTTA GTTCTCATT ACGATGATAT TCTCAAATGC CCAATGTACA ATTCTCTACT GCTGGGTATG AAATAGCTTC TTTTGGAAAT	29185
GATGCCACAG CTGACCTAAC TCTGTGGATT AAATAAGTAT TAATTCATTC AATGTTAAAC ATGTATATTT CAGAACTGTC CTTGAGTTCA TATTCATTAT	29285
TTTAATTAAT CTCTGTAGT AGGTTCCAC AGTGAATCTC ATAAAAATGG AAATTTAATT AAAATTAAT ATCAACAGAA AAGCATTAAAT CTTTTTAAAT	29385
AAATTTCCCA ATCTATCAAT TAAATAACAT TATTGAGCAC CTGCTATATC CCAGGGAACA TGCTGGGTAG TACAGGATTC AAAATGATTA AAATTCACCT	29485
CGTATTTCA AAGAACTCAC AAGTAAAAA ACTACTTACT TAGTAAAAA GATAAACTTG TACTAGTATG TGCAGACTCA AAATGGGTGA TGATTGTGGC	29585
TTATCTAGTG ATATTTCTAG TGAAGTGGAG ATGGCATGCA CTGTTAACC TGGACAACCTA CTTGCTCAA GGTGAATAAT TGTCATGGGG GAATATTGTA	29685
TCCAGTATTG CCATATGTTT TGATTTGTTA ATTGTGAAAT GCACTGATTT TTATATGTTG CGAGGAGATA AAAAATTATT TAGGCAGTGC AGCTCAAAGT	29785
AAACTCCACA TGCTAAAGAA ATAAAAATTT TGAAGAGTGC AACAGTGGAA GCATGTACGA AGTAAAGTGG TGGCACAAG TAGGTAGTAT TTAACCTTTT	29885
TTTTTTTTTG TATGAATGTG GTATAGGAAG CTCTTGGAA AAAAGTTAAA GTAAATCTGA GGTTTACAAA ACTAGAAAAC ACACTTCAAG TAGAAGGAAT	29985
GGCATTTGCA AAGTCAAAGC TCATACTCTA TGCTAGGCAT TACACCGAGC ACTGAAAATA AAACAATGAA TAAGACACAG ACTGTTTCTG CTCTTGTTGA	30085
GCTTGCTCT CGGAGCGGAA GAAAGATATA AGCAATCTCT TACAAAATAA GGCATGGCAG CAAAGACACC ATCTTTGTCA GTAAACACCA GATGATACTG	30185
CCTAGTACTG GGTGTTTAAA AAGTCTTCAG TGAGGAAGTG ATATATAAGT GACATATAGG CTGAGATTGG ATGGGAGAAA TGATAAGAAAT TC	30277

FIGURE 3: Nucleotide sequence of the gene for the b subunit of human factor XIII. Nucleotide 1 is shown as the first nucleotide of the codon for the initiator methionine. The nucleotide sequence upstream from the initiator methionine is shown with negative numbers. The numbers at the right margin correspond to the last nucleotide on each line, while the amino acid sequence derived from each of the exons is placed above the corresponding DNA sequence. Intron-exon boundaries are shown by arrows below the sequence while the polyadenylation signal AATAAA is underlined. The poly(A) addition site is indicated by a solid circle above the sequence.

O family of repeats (Table III). When the consensus sequences for the Alu repeats, which are roughly 300 bp (Deininger et al., 1981), were compared to the gene for the b subunit, four Alu sequences were found within the gene (introns A, E, I, and J) and one was found flanking the 3' end

of the gene (Figure 1). The average homology to the consensus sequence was 71% and the repeats were present in both orientations. Although Alu sequences have been seen in clusters in several genes (Degen & Davie, 1987), they are present in the b subunit at roughly 6000-bp intervals. This is similar to

Table III: Repetitive Sequences in the Gene for the b Subunit of Human Factor XIII

	nucleotide position	strand	% homology	size of direct repeat	direct repeat	mismatches
Alu						
1	3600–3893	+ ^a	65 ^b	8	TA ₆ GAAGT	1
2	7985–8312	–	76	8	CAAAAT ₆ AG	1
3	16007–16306	+	56	5	CTTTA	0
4	24374–24669	–	85	8	CACATAGA	0
5	28468–28806	–	74	8	TTGGAATT	0
<i>KpnI</i>						
1a	14793–15002	–	45 ^c	6	CAATTC	0
1b	15003–15460	+	63			
2	19078–23107	–	89 ^d	24	CTCCCTCT ₆ TCTCT ₆ TCT ^e	2
O-LTR						
1	13575–14077	+	62 ^f	11	GTAGTT ₁ AAAG	1

^a (+) insertion from 5' to 3' on the mRNA strand; (–) insertion of the sequence in the opposite direction. ^b Compared to the consensus sequence of Deininger et al. (1981). ^c Compared to the pCD-4 sequence of DiGiovanni et al. (1983). ^d Compared to the sequence of Kazazian et al. (1988). ^e A part of the complete repeat that can be found in Figure 3. ^f Compared to the sequence of Sun et al. (1984).

the spacing of about one per 3000–5000 bp in the human genome that contains 300 000–500 000 copies (Schmid & Jelinek, 1982). Direct repeat sequences of 5–17 bp normally flank each of the Alu sequences and are thought to have been duplicated at the time the Alu sequence was inserted in the gene. These flanking sequences were also observed at each end of the Alu sequences in the gene for the b subunit (Table III).

Two regions in the gene for the b subunit contain partial *KpnI* repeats, and these occur within introns I and J (Table III). *KpnI* repeats are variable in length, with some being more than 6 kb in length (Adams et al., 1980). They occur about 10 000 times in the human genome. The first partial *KpnI* repeat in the gene for the b subunit was 666 bp long and was located in intron I. It has been reported that *KpnI* repeats may contain scrambled arrangements of common sequences (Lerman et al., 1983), and this was observed with the *KpnI* repeats in the gene for the b subunit. The first *KpnI* repeat has homologous regions to the *KpnI* clone pCD-*KpnI*-4 (DiGiovanni et al., 1983) with a head to tail arrangement of the two homologous regions. It was flanked by a 6-bp direct repeat. Direct repeats also flank *KpnI* elements as with Alu repeats but are usually shorter and less perfect. The second *KpnI* repeat, found in intron J, was also made up of scrambled regions homologous to other *KpnI* members. This repeat was 4029 bp long and was 89% homologous to a *KpnI* repeat of approximately 2200 nucleotides flanking the 3' end of the human β globin region on chromosome 11 (70001–73326) (Hattori et al., 1985). It was present, however, in an inverted orientation in the gene for the b subunit. This region in the b subunit was also homologous to other Line-1 (L1) members, including an 89% homology to the human factor VIII gene L1 element insertion of 3785 nucleotides in exon 14 (Kazazian et al., 1988). An additional L1 element of approximately 1500 nucleotides was also present in the 5' end of the gene starting at nucleotide –2130. The direct repeats are of a d(CT)_n (purine, pyrimidine)_n motif as shown in Figure 3 and include nucleotides 19008–19077 and 23108–23163.

Another type of repetitive element is the "O" family repeat, which is usually 350 bp in length and flanked by direct repeats (Sun et al., 1984). It occurs less frequently than Alu sequences and is estimated at 5000–30 000 copies in the human genome. The 502-bp O repeat for the b subunit is located in intron J and is 62% homologous to the DNA sequence described by Sun et al. (1984).

Regions of alternating purines and pyrimidines have been shown to favor the formation of Z DNA (Wang et al., 1979). Two short regions were found within the gene for the b subunit, the first being 34 bp in length and located within intron G at

nucleotides 10351–10384. The second regions occur in the direct repeats before and after the second *KpnI* repeat in intron J (nucleotides 19032–19077 and 23138–23163) and were 46 bp and 26 bp long, respectively.

Other Internal Homology within the Gene. The remaining sequence of the gene for the b subunit was then analyzed for other dispersed or tandem repeats. A tandem repeat of 25 bp in length was found in the 5' noncoding region at nucleotides (–290)–(–266) and (–265)–(–241). An inverted tandem repeat of 13 bp was also identified at 2457–2269 and 2271–2283. This sequence has strong homology to sequences within the genes for GM-CSF, as well as to those in yeast and discoideum DNA. Another inverted tandem repeat of 19 bp was located at 8379–8397 and 8409–8427 within intron E, just after the second Alu repeat. There were also a large number of short sequences within the gene for the b subunit that share >85% similarities with other genes. Many of these were found within the introns of other proteins containing sushi domains. The significance of these short homologous regions is not known, but their occurrence seems to be more frequent than would be predicted by random chance.

Comparison of Open Reading Frames. The sequence of the gene for the b subunit of factor XIII was then translated into the six possible reading frames for amino acids and used to search the PIR database. As expected, members of the sushi family of proteins were readily identified by the search. Another prominent feature was the identity of portions of introns I and J with the human retrovirus-related reverse transcriptase sequence (Hattori et al., 1986) and other sequences of the L1 family. The Line-1 or L1 family (Adams et al., 1980) contains the *KpnI* repeats and codes for large open reading frames that may allow them to function as nonviral retrotransposons (Skowronski et al., 1988). There was an 88% identity of a 250 amino acid portion of intron J in an inverted orientation (nucleotides 23589–22845) and the human reverse transcriptase sequence. The largest open reading frame in the L1 repeat of the b subunit was 570 bp long.

Short portions of other open reading frames coding for 20–30 amino acids in the gene for the b subunit corresponded to other proteins in the protein database, including human platelet glycoprotein IIb (nucleotides 3600–3690 and 16001–16091), and the β -adrenergic receptor of the turkey (18949–19039), and the cell fusion protein of varicella-zoster virus (18919–19009). The significance of these similar sequences is unclear.

DISCUSSION

The gene for the b subunit of human factor XIII is a member of a family of more than 20 genes resulting from

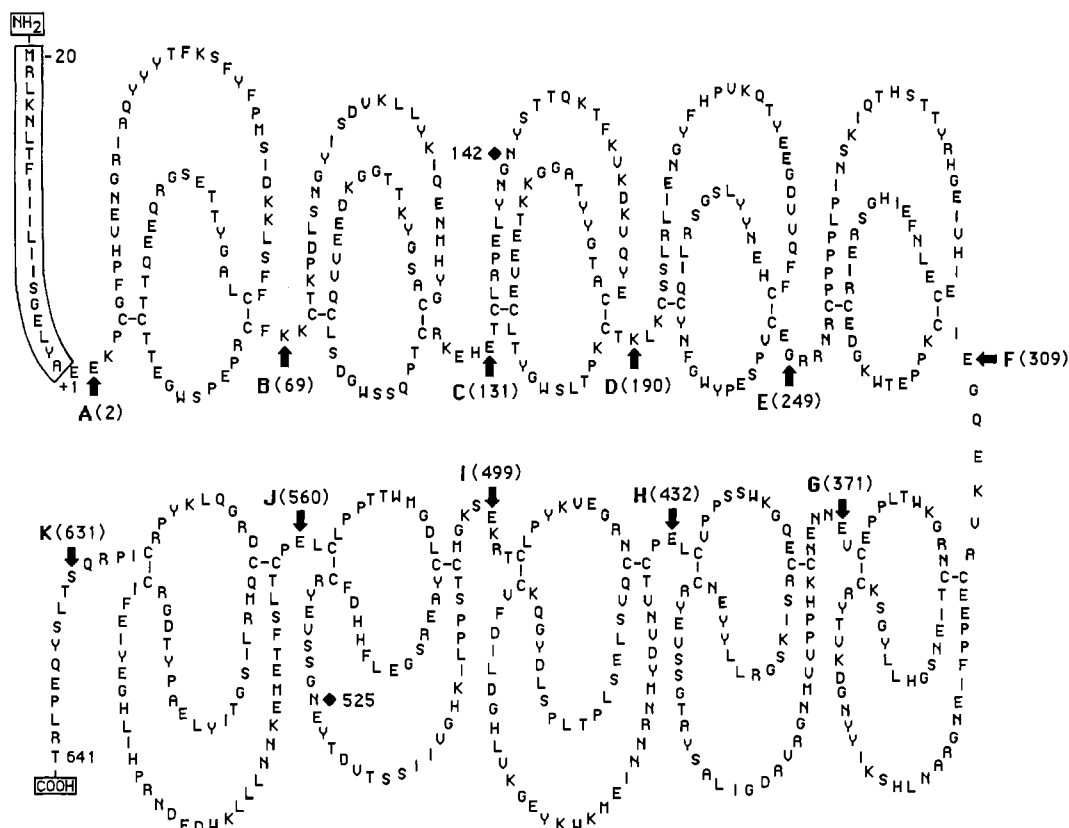


FIGURE 4: Location of the 11 introns (A–K) in the amino acid sequence for the b subunit of human factor XIII. The solid arrows indicate the position of the introns. The leader sequence is shown in the open box and potential N-linked carbohydrate attachment sites are shown by solid diamonds.

duplication of a common ancestral gene (Davie et al., 1986; Kristensen et al., 1987; Ichinose et al., 1990). The division of the b subunit of factor XIII into individual tandem repeats by the intervening sequences is illustrated in Figure 4. The organization of the genes for several other members of this family is also known (Figure 5). A few genes in this family have their sushi domains divided internally by an intron, as in haptoglobin (Bensi et al., 1985), while some have a combination of both complete and divided domains or two domains encoded by a single exon, as in factor H (Vik et al., 1988) and CR2 (Fujisaku et al., 1989). The remaining genes containing sushi domains, however, appear to be encoded by a single exon. These include the b subunit of factor XIII as well as factor B (Campbell et al., 1984) and the IL-2 receptor (Leonard et al., 1985) (Figure 5). It seems likely that the ancestral gene coding for the sushi domain did not contain an internal intron and that the insertion of an intron is a relatively recent event in the few instances where it does occur.

The internal homologies of the sushi domains in the b subunit of factor XIII at the DNA level range from 36% to 43%. Homologies with sushi domains in other proteins are much less, averaging 20–30%. The various proposals for exon shuffling (Gilbert, 1985; Patthy, 1985; Davie et al., 1986) and intron mobility (Perlman & Butow, 1989) are helpful in explaining the duplication and divergence of the proteins containing sushi domains. Typically, these exons are within the boundaries of type I splice junctions that appear to be favorable for exon shuffling. This is also the case for all the exons coding for the 10 sushi domains in the gene for the b subunit of factor XIII. However, there are no homologous areas within the introns that suggest how the sushi domains are duplicated within this gene. The sizes of the introns are variable (Table II) and do not show a common repetitive sequence that they all share.

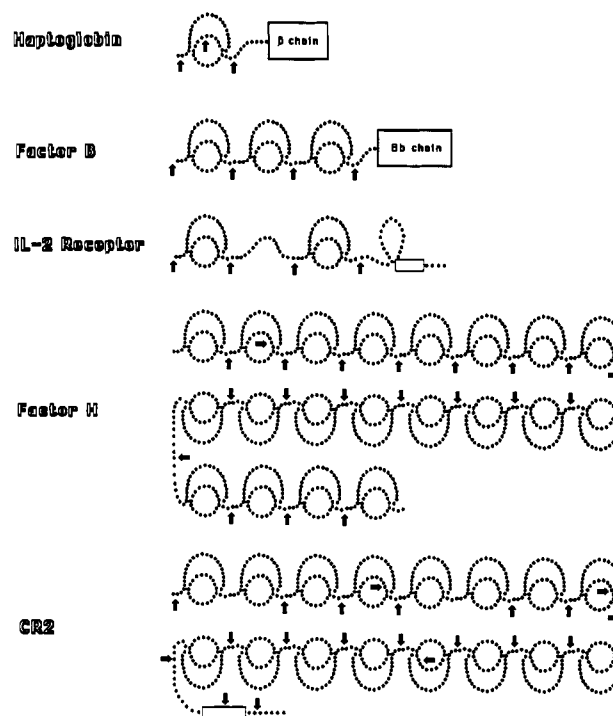


FIGURE 5: Location of the introns in the sushi structures present in haptoglobin, factor B, IL-2 receptor, factor H, and complement receptor type II (CR2). The solid arrows indicate the location of the introns. The transmembrane regions in IL-2 receptor and CR2 are shown by open boxes. The structures are modifications from Campbell et al. (1984), Bensi et al. (1985), Leonard et al. (1985), Vik et al. (1988), and Yorifuji et al. (1988).

There are five Alu repetitive sequences in and around the gene (Figure 1, Table III). Alu sequences are known to undergo homologous recombination (Huang et al., 1989), and

Alu-Alu recombination has resulted in deletions or duplications as seen in portions of a defective LDL receptor gene (Lehrman et al., 1987). The possibility exists that exons II-V were duplicated and resulted in exons VI-IX on the basis of the positions of the Alu sequences. This differs from the previous suggestion of duplication events that was based on homologies at the protein level (Ichinose et al., 1986b). These data suggest that exons II-IV were closely related, that exons V-VII were all similar, and that exons VIII and IX were duplicated to give exons X and XI. By comparing the divergence of the sushi domains to the higher homologies of the Alu repeats, it would appear that insertion of the Alu sequences occurred much more recently than the duplication of the sushi domains and that these two events were not linked.

The second *KpnI* repeat (Table III) is surrounded by an interesting direct repeat, made up of a repeating domain of $d(CT)_n$ followed by a stretch of alternating purines and pyrimidines. The $d(CT)_n$ repeat is found in the β globin cluster of many species, satellite DNA, and other genes of *Drosophila*, crabs, and sea urchins. The role that this direct repeat plays in the insertional events of the L1 family is still unknown. The high homology of this *KpnI* repeat with the β globin gene and the L1 insertion in factor VIII (Kazazian et al., 1988) indicates that this repeat was duplicated and inserted recently in these genes.

A few restriction fragment length polymorphisms have been reported for the factor XIIIb subunit locus (Webb et al., 1989). These involved restriction sites of *EcoRI*, *BglII*, and *XbaI*. By comparing these results to the present data, it appears likely that these changes are located near the second *KpnI* repeat within intron J. However, definitive location of the polymorphisms will require more study.

The precise function of the sushi domains is still not known in any of these proteins. In proteins made up exclusively of sushi domains, it is obvious that they contain regions that participate in binding to other proteins, as in the b subunit of factor XIII, C4BP, and factor H. Some of these sushi domains maintain binding functions, while others might have lost their functions during evolution. It remains to be determined which areas of the sushi domains participate in the binding or are involved in other functions.

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Registry No. DNA (human liver blood coagulation factor XIII b subunit gene), 130095-89-5; blood coagulation factor XIII (human liver b subunit precursor protein moiety reduced), 128986-96-9; blood coagulation factor XIII (human liver b subunit protein moiety reduced), 103067-91-0; blood coagulation factor XIII, 9013-56-3; blood coagulation factor XIII (human b subunit precursor protein moiety), 130095-90-8; blood coagulation factor XIII (human b subunit protein moiety), 130095-91-9.

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Counterflow of L-Glutamate in Plasma Membrane Vesicles and Reconstituted Preparations from Rat Brain†

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ABSTRACT: Membrane vesicles from rat brain exhibit sodium-dependent uptake of L-[³H]glutamate in the absence of any transmembrane ion gradients. The substrate specificity of the process is identical with (Na⁺ + K⁺)-coupled L-glutamate accumulation. Although these vesicles are prepared after osmotic shock and are washed repeatedly, they contain about 1.5 nmol/mg of protein endogenous L-glutamate, apparently located inside the vesicles. The affinity of the process ($K_m \approx 1 \mu\text{M}$) is similar to that of (Na⁺ + K⁺)-dependent accumulation by the L-glutamate transporter. Membrane vesicles have been disrupted by the detergent cholate, and the solubilized proteins have been subsequently reconstituted into liposomes. The reconstituted proteoliposomes also exhibit the above uptake—with the same characteristics—provided they contain entrapped cold L-glutamate. Counterflow is optimal when sodium is present on both sides of the membrane, but partial activity is still observed when sodium is present either on the inside or on the outside. Increasing the L-glutamate concentration above the K_m results in counterflow completely independent of cis sodium. The initial rate of counterflow is 100–200-fold lower than that of net trans potassium dependent flux. The rate of net flux in the presence of trans sodium or lithium is about 10-fold lower than when choline or Tris are used instead. However, the rate of counterflow (no internal potassium present) was not stimulated by replacing internal sodium or lithium by internal choline. Therefore, optimal functioning of the transporter requires internal potassium while internal sodium and lithium are inhibitory. In addition, the membrane vesicles also contain a low-affinity uptake system (K_m about 100 μM) for L-glutamate, which is also dependent on cis sodium and trans potassium. The above data are accommodated in a refined model of the translocation cycle of the (Na⁺ + K⁺)-coupled L-glutamate transporter.

The reuptake of neurotransmitters from the synaptic cleft by high-affinity transport appears to play an important role

in the overall process of synaptic transmission (Iversen, 1975; Kuhar, 1973). The process is catalyzed by sodium-coupled neurotransmitter transport systems [reviewed in Kanner (1983, 1989) and Kanner and Schuldiner (1987)] located in plasma membranes of nerve endings and glial cells. These transport systems have been investigated in detail by using plasma

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